REMARKS

Applicants appreciate the allowance of claims 1-3, 5-12, 14-19, 22 and 26-30.

By the foregoing Amendment, previously rejected claims 20 and 21 are cancelled and claim 4 has been amended. Support for molecular weight expressed as "g/mol" in the amendment of claim 4 is found in the specification, as filed, for example, in Example 1 on page 7 and support for 500 g/mol is found in original claim 4.

Regarding "molecular weight," the Examiner's comments are noted, but the Examiner is referred to 21 C.F.R. Part 175, subparts B and C (e.g., 21 C.F.R. § 175.105) where molecular weight for substances such as polyalkylene glycols and derivatives thereof are given as molecular weight, without any specification. Thus, the Examiner's understanding based on his professor's teachings are not shared by the government in its federal regulations.

Additionally, claims 23, 24 and 25 are amended to delete the objectionable term "such as."

The application should now be in condition for immediate allowance, which action is earnestly solicited.

If any fee is necessary to make this paper timely and/or complete, such fees may be deduced from Deposit Account No. 19-4375.

Respectfully submitted,

TPP/mat

Attorney Docket No.: TPP 31760

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[Code of Federal Regulations]
[Title 21, Volume 3, Parts 170 to 199]
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[Page 141-156]

TITLE 21--FOOD AND DRUGS

CHAPTER I--FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION, DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES (CONTINUED)

PART 175--INDIRECT FOOD ADDITIVES: ADHESIVES AND COMPONENTS OF COATINGS--Table of Contents

Subpart B--Substances for Use Only as Components of Adhesives

. Sec. 175.105 Adhesives.

- (a) Adhesives may be safely used as components of articles intended for use in packaging, transporting, or holding food in accordance with the following prescribed conditions:
- (1) The adhesive is prepared from one or more of the optional substances named in paragraph (c) of this section, subject to any prescribed limitations.
- (2) The adhesive is either separated from the food by a functional barrier or used subject to the following additional limitations:
- (i) In dry foods. The quantity of adhesive that contacts packaged dry food shall not exceed the limits of good manufacturing practice.
- (ii) In fatty and aqueous foods. (a) The quantity of adhesive that contacts packaged fatty and aqueous foods shall not exceed the trace amount at seams and at the edge exposure between packaging laminates that may occur within the limits of good manufacturing practice.
- (b) Under normal conditions of use the packaging seams or laminates will remain firmly bonded without visible separation.
- (b) To assure safe usage of adhesives, the label of the finished adhesive container shall bear the statement ``food-packaging adhesive''.
- (c) Subject to any limitation prescribed in this section and in any other regulation promulgated under section 409 of the Act which prescribes safe conditions of use for substances that may be employed as constituents of adhesives, the optional substances used in the formulation of adhesives may include the following:
- (1) Substances generally recognized as safe for use in food or food packaging.
- (2) Substances permitted for use in adhesives by prior sanction or approval and employed under the specific conditions of use prescribed by such sanction or approval.
- (3) Flavoring substances permitted for use in food by regulations in this part, provided that such flavoring substances are volatilized from the adhesives during the packaging fabrication process.
 - (4) Color additives approved for use in food.
- (5) Substances permitted for use in adhesives by other regulations in this subchapter and substances named in this subparagraph: Provided, however, That any substance named in this paragraph and covered by a specific regulation in this subchapter, must meet any specifications in such regulation.

[[Page 142]]

Substances Limitations Abietic acid..... Acetone..... Acetone-formaldehyde condensate (CAS Reg. No. 25619-09-4). Acetone-urea-formaldehyde resin...... N-Acetyl ethanolamine..... Acetyl tributyl citrate..... Acetyl triethyl citrate..... 2-Acrylamido-2-methyl-propanesulfonic acid, homopolymer, sodium salt (CAS Reg. No. 35641-59-9). Albumin, blood..... (2-Alkenyl) succinic anhydrides in which the alkenyl groups are derived from olefins which contain not less than 78 percent C<INF>30</INF> and higher groups (CAS Reg. No. 70983-55-0). 4-[2-[2-2-(Alkoxy (C<INF>12</INF>-C<INF>15</INF>) ethoxy) ethoxy]ethyl] disodium sulfosuccinate. 1-Alkyl (C<INF>6</INF>-C<INF>18</INF>) amino-3-amino-propane

```
Alkylated (C<INF>4</INF> and/or C<INF>8</INF>) phenols......
Alkyl (C<INF>7</INF>-Cl<INF>2</INF>) benzene.....
Alkyl (C<INF>10</INF>-C<INF>20</INF>) dimethylbenzyl ammonium
chloride<INF>.</INF>
n-Alkyl(C<INF>12</INF>, C<INF>14</INF>, C<INF>16</INF>, or C<INF>18</INF>) dimethyl For use as preservative only.
(ethylbenzyl) ammonium
{\tt cyclohexylsulfamate.}
Alkyl ketene dimers as described in
Sec. 176.120 of this chapter.
Alkyl (C<INF>7</INF>-C<INF>12</INF>) naphthalene.....
alpha Olefin sulfonate [alkyl group is
in the range of C<INF>10</INF>-C<INF>18</INF> with not less
than 50 percent C<INF>14</INF>-C<INF>16</INF>], ammonium,
calcium, magnesium, potassium, and
sodium salts.
2-[(2-aminoethyl)amino]ethanol (CAS
Reg. No. 111-41-1).
3-Aminopropanediol..... For use only in the preparation
                                  of polyurethane resins.
Aluminum.....
Aluminum acetate.....
Aluminum di (2-ethylhexoate).....
Aluminum potassium silicate.....
N-<greek-b>-Aminoethyl-gamma-
aminopropyl trimethoxysilane.
3-(Aminomethyl)-3,5,5-
trimethylcyclohexylamine.
Aminomethylpropanol.....
Ammonium benzoate.....
                                 For use as preservative only.
Ammonium bifluoride..... For use only as bonding agent
                                  for aluminum foil, stabilizer
                                   or preservative. Total
                                   fluoride from all sources not
                                   to exceed 1 percent by weight
                                   of the finished adhesive.
Ammonium borate.....
Ammonium citrate.....
Ammonium persulfate.....
Ammonium polyacrylate.....
Ammonium potassium hydrogen phosphate...
Ammonium silico-fluoride.....
                                  For use only as bonding agent
                                   for aluminum foil, stabilizer,
                                   or preservative. Total
                                   fluoride from all sources not
                                   to exceed 1 percent by weight
                                   of the finished adhesive.
Ammonium sulfamate.....
Ammonium thiocyanate.....
Ammonium thiosulfate.....
Amyl acetate.....
Anhydroenneaheptitol.....
Animal glue as described in Sec.
 178.3120 of this chapter.
2-Anthraquinone sulfonic acid, sodium
                                  For use only as polymerization-
                                   control agent.
Antimony oxide.....
Asbestos.....
Asphalt, paraffinic and naphthenic.....
Azelaic acid.....
Azo-bis-isobutyronitrile.....
Balata rubber.....
Barium acetate.....
Barium peroxide.....
Barium sulfate.....
Bentonite.....
Benzene (benzol).....
1,4-Benzenedicarboxylic acid, bis[2-
                                  For use as a stabilizer.
 (1,1-dimethylethyl)-6-[[3-(1,1-
 dimethylethyl) -2-hydroxy-5-
 methylphenyl]methyl]-4-methyl-
 phenyl]ester (CAS Reg. No. 57569-40-1).
                                  For use as preservative only.
1,2-Benzisothiazolin-3-one (CAS
 Registry No. 2634-33-5).
Benzothiazyldisulfide.....
p-Benzoxyphenol.....
                                  For use as preservative only.
Benzoyl peroxide.....
[[Page 143]]
Benzyl alcohol.....
Benzyl benzoate.....
Benzyl bromoacetate.....
                                  For use as preservative only.
p-Benzyloxyphenol.....
                                     Do.
BHA (butylated hydroxyanisole).....
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BHT (butylated hydroxytoluene).....
Bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-ene-6-methyl
acrylate.
2-Biphenyl diphenyl phosphate.....
Bis(benzoate-0)(2-propanolato)aluminum
                                  For use only as a reactant in
                                   the preparation of polyester
 (CAS Reg. No. 105442-85-1).
                                   resins.
                                  For use at a level not to
1.2-Bis(3.5-di-tert-butyl-4-
hydroxyhydrocinnamoyl) hy-drazine (CAS
                                   exceed 2 percent by weight of
Reg. No. 32687-78-8).
                                   the adhesive.
1,3-Bis(2-benzothiazolylmercaptomethyl)
urea.
4,4'-Bis(<greek-a>,<greek-a>-
dimethylbenzyl)diphenylamine.
                                  For use as an antioxidant and/
2,6-Bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-(1-
methylpropyl)phenol (CAS Reg. No.
                                   or stabilizer only.
17540-75-9).
2,6-Bis (1-methylheptadecyl)-p-cresol..
4-[[4, 6-Bis(octylthio)6-
Bis(octylthio)6-Bis(octylthio)-s-
 triazin-2-yl]amino]-2,6-di-tert-
butylphenol (CAS Reg. No. 991-84-4).
Bis(tri-n-butyltin) oxide.....
                                  For use as preservative only.
Bis(trichloromethyl)sulfone C.A.
Registry No. 3064-70-8.
Borax....
Boric acid.....
2-Bromo-2-nitro-1, 3-propanediol (CAS
                                  For use only as an
Reg. No. 52-51-7).
                                   antibacterial preservative.
1,3-Butanediol.....
1,4-Butanediol.....
1,4-Butanediol modified with adipic
acid.
Butoxy polyethylene polyproplyene
glycol (molecular weight 900-4,200).
Butyl acetate.....
Butyl acetyl ricinoleate.....
Butyl alcohol.....
Butylated reaction product of p-cresol
                                  As identified in Sec.
and dicyclopentadiene.
                                   178.2010(b) of this chapter.
Butylated, styrenated cresols
 identified in Sec. 178.2010(b) of
 this chapter.
Butyl benzoate.....
Butyl benzyl phthalate.....
Butyldecyl phthalate.....
1,3-Butylene glycoldiglycolic acid
 copolymer.
tert-Butyl hydroperoxide.....
4,4'-Butylidenebis(6-tert-butyl-m-
 cresol).
Butyl lactate.....
Butyloctyl phthalate.....
p-tert-Butylphenyl salicylate.....
Butyl phthalate butyl glycolate......
p-tert-Butylpyrocatechol.....
                                  For use only as polymerization-
                                   control agent.
Butyl ricinoleate.....
Butyl rubber polymer.....
Butyl stearate.....
Butyl titanate, polymerized.....
Butyraldehyde.....
Calcium ethyl acetoacetate.....
Calcium nitrate.....
Calcium metasilicate.....
Camphor fatty acid esters.....
Candelilla wax.....
epsilon-Caprolactam-(ethylene-ethyl
 acrylate) graft polymer.
Carbon black, channel process............
Carbon disulfide-1,1'-
 methylenedipiperidine reaction product.
Carbon tetrachloride.....
Carboxymethylcellulose.....
Castor oil, polyoxyethylated (4-84
 moles ethylene oxide).
Cellulose acetate butyrate.....
Cellulose acetate propionate.....
Ceresin wax (ozocerite).....
Cetyl alcohol.....
Chloracetamide.....
Chloral hydrate.....
Chlorinated liquid n-paraffins with
 chain lengths of C<INF>10</INF>-C<INF>17</INF>, containing
 40-70 percent chlorine by weight.
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Chlorinated pyridine mixture with
                                    For use as preservative only.
 active ingredients consisting of
 2,3,5,6-tetrachloro-4-(methylsulfonyl)
 pyridine, 2,3,5,6-tetrachloro-4-
 (methylsulfinyl) pyridine and
 pentachloropyridine.
Chlorinated rubber polymer (natural
 rubber polymer containing
 approximately 67 percent chlorine).
[[Page 144]]
                                    For use as preservative only.
1-(3-Chloroallyl)-3,5,7-triaza-1-
 azoniaadamantane chloride.
Chlorobenzene......
4-Chloro-3,5-dimethylphenol (p-chloro-m- For use as preservative only.
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol.....
5-Chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one For use only as an
 (CAS Reg. No. 26172-55-4) and 2-methyl-
                                    antimicrobial agent in polymer
 4-isothiazolin-3-one (CAS Reg. No.
                                     latex emulsions.
 2682-20-4) mixture at a ratio of 3
 parts to 1 part, manufactured from
 methyl-3-mercaptopropionate (CAS Reg. No. 2935-90-2). The mixture may
 contain magnesium nitrate (CAS Reg.
 No. 10377-60-3) at a concentration
 equivalent to the isothiazolone active
 ingredients (weight/weight).
Chloroform.....
Chloroprene.....
Chromium caseinate.....
Chromium nitrate.....
Chromium potassium sulfate.....
Cobaltous acetate.....
Coconut fatty acid amine salt of
                                    For use as preservative only.
 tetrachlorophenol.
Copper 8-quinolinolate..... For use as preservative only.
Coumarone-indene resin......
Cresyl diphenyl phosphate.....
Cumene hydroperoxide.....
Cyanoguanidine.....
Cyclized rubber as identified in Sec.
 176.170(b)(2) of this chapter.
Cyclohexane.....
1,4-Cyclohexanedimethanoldibenzoate
 (CAS Reg. No. 35541-81-2).
Cyclohexanol.....
Cyclohexanone resin.....
Cyclohexanone-formaldehyde condensate...
N-Cyclohexyl p-toluene sulfonamide.....
(<greek-ee><SUP>5</SUP>-Cyclopentadienyl)-(<greek- For use only as a
 ee><SUP>6</SUP>-isopropylbenzene)iron(II)
                                               photoinitiator.
 hexafluorophosphate (CAS Reg. No.
 32760-80-8).
Defoaming agents as described in Sec.
 176.210 of this chapter.
Dehydroacetic acid.....
Diacetone alcohol.....
Diacetyl peroxide.....
N,N'-Dialkoyl-4,4'-
 diaminodiphenylmethane mixtures where;
 the alkoyl groups are derived from
 marine fatty acids (C<INF>12</INF>-C<INF>24</INF>).
2,5-Di-tert-amylhydroquinone.....
Diamines derived from dimerized
 vegetable oil acids.
Diaryl-p-phenylenediamine, where the
 aryl group may be phenyl, tolyl, or
 xylyl.
1,2-Dibromo-2,4-dicyanobutane (CAS For use as a preservative only.
 Registry No. 3569-65-7).
Di(butoxyethyl) phthalate.....
2,5-Di-tert-butylhydroquinone.....
Dibutyl maleate....
2,6-Di-tert-butyl-4-methylphenol...... For use as preservative only.
Di(C<INF>7</INF>, C<INF>9</INF>-alkyl)adipate.....
Dibutyl phthalate.....
Dibutyl sebacate.....
Dibutyltin dilaurate for use only as a
 catalyst for polyurethane resins.
1,2-Dichloroethylene (mixed isomers)...
Dicumyl peroxide.....
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Dicyclohexyl phthalate.....
Diethanolamine.....
Diethanolamine condensed with animal or
 vegetable fatty acids.
Diethylamine.....
Diethylene glycol.....
Diethylene glycol adipic acid copolymer
Diethylene glycol dibenzoate.....
Diethylene glycol hydrogenated
 tallowate monoester.
Diethylene glycol laurate............ Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether.....
Diethylene glycol monobutyl ether
 acetate.
Diethylene glycol monoethyl ether.....
Diethylene glycol monoethyl ether
 acetate.
Diethylene glycol monomethyl ether....
Diethylene glycol monooleate.....
Diethylene glycol monophenyl ether....
Diethylene glycol copolymer of adipic acid and phthalic anhydride.
Di (2-ethylhexyl) adipate.....
Di (2-ethylhexyl) hexahydrophthalate....
[[Page 145]]
Di(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate.....
Diethyl oxalate.....
Diethyl phthalate.....
Dihexyl phthalate.....
Dihydroabietylphthalate.....
Di(2-hydroxy-5-tert-butylphenyl)
 sulfide.
2,2'-Dihydroxy-5,5'-
 dichlorodiphenylmethane
 (dichlorophene).
4,5-Dihydroxy-2-imidazolidinone......
4-(Diiodomethylsulfonyl) toluene CA For use as an antifungal
 Registry No.: 20018-09-01.
                                     preservative only.
Diisobutyl adipate.....
Diisobutyl ketone.....
Diisobutylphenoxyethoxyethyl dimethyl
 benzyl ammonium chloride.
Diisobutyl phthalate.....
Diisodecyl phthalate.....
Diisooctyl phthalate.....
Diisopropylbenzene hydroperoxide.....
N, N-Dimethylcyclohexylamine
 dibutyldithiocarbamate.
Dimethyl formamide.....
Dimethyl hexynol.....
2,2-Dimethyl-1,3-propanediol dibenzoate
Dimethyl octynediol.....
N-(1,1-dimethyl-3-oxobutyl) acrylamide.
Dimethyl phthalate.....
3,5-Dimethyl-1,3,5,2H-
                                     For use as preservative only.
 tetrahydrothiadiazine-2-thione.
Di-<greek-b>-naphthyl-p-
 phenylenediamine.
4,6-Dinonyl-o-cresol.....
Dinonylphenol.
Di-n-octyldecyl adipate.
Dioctyldiphenylamine.
Dioctylphthalate.....
Dioctylsebacate.....
Dioxane.....
Dipentaerythritol pentastearate.....
Dipentamethylene-thiuram-tetrasulfide...
Dipentene.....
Dipentene resins.....
Dipentene-beta-pinene-styrene resins...
Dipentene-styrene resin (CAS Registry
 No. 64536-06-7).
Diphenyl-2-ethylhexyl phosphate.....
Diphenyl, hydrogen ated.....
N, N'-Diphenyl-p-phenylenediamine.....
Diphenyl phthalate.....
1,3-Diphenyl-2-thiourea.....
Dipropylene glycol monomethyl ether....
Dipropylene glycol copolymer of adipic
 acid and phthalic anhydride.
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Disodium cyanodithioimidocarbonate....
Disodium 4-isodecyl sulfosuccinate (CAS
Reg. No. 37294-49-8).
N, N'-Distearoylethylenediamine......
Distearyl thiodipropionate.....
3,5-Di-tert-butyl-4-
                                        For use as antioxidant only.
 hydroxyhydrocinnamic acid triester
 with 1,3,5-tris(2-hydroxyethyl)-s-
 triazine-2,4,6(1H, 3H, 5H)-trione.
4,4'-Dithiodimorpholine.....
n-Dodecylmercaptan.....
tert-Dodecylmercaptan.....
Dodecylphenoxybenzene-disulfonic acid
 and/or its calcium, magnesium, and
 sodium salts.
isopropylidenediphenol resin.
Epichlorohydrin-4,4'-sec-
 butylidenediphenol resin.
Epichlorohydrin-4,4'-isopropylidene-di-
 o-cresol resin.
Epichlorohydrin-phenolformaldehyde
Erucamide (erucylamide).....
Ethanolamine.....
Ethoxylated primary linear alcohols of
 greater than 10 percent ethylene oxide
 by weight having molecular weights of
5-Ethyl-1,3-diglycidyl-5-
 methylhydantoin (CAS Reg. No. 15336-82-
 0).
Ethylene-acrylic acid-carbon monoxide
 copolymer (CAS Reg. No. 97756-27-9).
[[Page 146]]
Ethylene-acrylic acid copolymer,
 partial sodium salt containing no more
 than 20 percent acrylic acid by
 weight, and no more than 16 percent of
 the acrylic acid as the sodium salt
 (CAS Reg. No. 25750-82-7).
Ethylenediamine.....
Ethylenediaminetetra-acetic acid,
 calcium, ferric, potassium, or sodium salts, single or mixed.
Ethylene dichloride.....
Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether ......
Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether acetate
Ethylene glycol monoethyl ether.....
Ethylene glycol monoethyl ether acetate
Ethylene glycol monoethyl ether
 ricinoleate.
Ethylene glycol monomethyl ether.....
Ethylene glycol monophenyl ether.....
Ethylene-carbon monoxide copolymer (CAS
 Reg. No. 25052-62-4) containing not
 more than 30 weight percent of the
 units derived from carbon monoxide.
Ethylene-maleic anhydride copolymer,
 ammonium or potassium salt.
Ethylene-methacrylic acid copolymer
 partial salts: Ammonium, calcium,
 magnesium, sodium, and/or zinc.
Ethylene-methacrylic acid-vinyl acetate
 copolymer partial salts: Ammonium,
 calcium, magnesium, sodium, and/or
 zinc.
Ethylene-octene-1 copolymers containing not less than 70 weight percent
 ethylene (CAS Reg. No. 26221-73-8).
Ethylene-propylene-dicyclopentadiene
 copolymer rubber.
Ethylene, propylene, 1,4-hexadiene and
 2,5-norbornadiene tetrapolymer.
Ethylene-vinyl acetate carbon monoxide
 terpolymer (CAS Registry No. 26337-35-
 9) containing not more than 15 weight
 percent of units derived from carbon
 monoxide.
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2,2'-Ethylidenebis (4,6-di-tert-	
butylphenol) (CAS Reg. No. 35958-30-6).	
Ethyl-p-hydroxybenzoate	For use as preservative only.
Ethyl hydroxyethylcellulose	
Ethyl lactate	
2,2'-Ethylidenebis(4,6-di-tert-	For use as an antioxidant and/
butylphenyl)fluorophosphonite (CAS Reg. No. 118337-09-0).	or stabilizer only.
Ethyl phthalyl ethyl glycolate	•
Ethyl-p-toluene sulfonamide	
Fats and oils derived from animal or	
vegetable sources, and the	
hydrogenated, sulfated, or sulfonated	
forms of such fats and oils. Fatty acids derived from animal or	·
vegetable fats and oils; and salts of	
such acids, single or mixed, as	
follows:	
Aluminum	
Ammonium	
Calcium	
Magnesium Potassium	
Sodium	
Zinc	
Ferric chloride	
Fluosilicic acid (hydrofluosilicic	For use only as bonding agent
acid).	for aluminum foil, stabilizer,
	or preservative. Total fluoride from all sources not
	to exceed 1 percent by weight
	of the finished adhesive.
Formaldehyde	
Formaldehyde o- and p-toluene	
sulfonamide. Formamide	
Fumaratochromium (III) nitrate	
Furfural	
Furfuryl alcohol	
Fumaric acid	
gamma-Aminopropyltrimethoxysilane (CAS	
Reg. No. 13822-56-5). Glutaraldehyde	
Glycerides, di- and monoesters	
Glycerol polyoxypropylene triol,	For use only in the preparation
minimum average molecular weight 250	of polyester and polyurethane
(CAS Reg. No. 25791-96-2).	resins in adhesives.
Glyceryl borate (glycol boriborate resin).	
Glyceryl ester of damar, copal, elemi,	
and sandarac.	
Glyceryl monobutyl ricinoleate	
Glyceryl monohydroxy stearate	
Glyceryl monohydroxy tallowate	
Glyceryl polyoxypropylene triol	
Glyceryl polyoxypropylene triol (average molecular weight 1,000).	
Glyceryl polyoxypropylene triol (average molecular weight 1,000). Glyceryl tribenzoate	
Glyceryl polyoxypropylene triol (average molecular weight 1,000).	
Glyceryl polyoxypropylene triol (average molecular weight 1,000). Glyceryl tribenzoate	
Glyceryl polyoxypropylene triol (average molecular weight 1,000). Glyceryl tribenzoate	
Glyceryl polyoxypropylene triol (average molecular weight 1,000). Glyceryl tribenzoate	
Glyceryl polyoxypropylene triol (average molecular weight 1,000). Glyceryl tribenzoate	
Glyceryl polyoxypropylene triol (average molecular weight 1,000). Glyceryl tribenzoate	
Glyceryl polyoxypropylene triol (average molecular weight 1,000). Glyceryl tribenzoate	
Glyceryl polyoxypropylene triol (average molecular weight 1,000). Glyceryl tribenzoate	
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Glyceryl polyoxypropylene triol (average molecular weight 1,000). Glyceryl tribenzoate	
Glyceryl polyoxypropylene triol (average molecular weight 1,000). Glyceryl tribenzoate	
Glyceryl polyoxypropylene triol (average molecular weight 1,000). Glyceryl tribenzoate	For use only as bonding agent
Glyceryl polyoxypropylene triol (average molecular weight 1,000). Glyceryl tribenzoate	for aluminum foil, stabilizer,
Glyceryl polyoxypropylene triol (average molecular weight 1,000). Glyceryl tribenzoate	
Glyceryl polyoxypropylene triol (average molecular weight 1,000). Glyceryl tribenzoate	for aluminum foil, stabilizer, or preservative. Total fluoride from all sources not to exceed 1 percent by weight
Glyceryl polyoxypropylene triol (average molecular weight 1,000). Glyceryl tribenzoate	for aluminum foil, stabilizer, or preservative. Total fluoride from all sources not

http://frwebgate.access.gpo.gov/cgi-bin/get-cfr.cgi?TITLE=21&PAR...

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Hydrogen peroxide.....
Hydrogenated dipentene resin (CAS Reg.
No. 106168-39-2).
Hydrogenated dipentene-styrene
copolymer resin (CAS Reg. No. 106168-
Hydrogenated-beta-pinene-alpha-pinene-
 dipentene copolymer resin (CAS Reg.
No. 106168-37-0).
a-Hydro-omega-hydroxypoly-
                                  For use only in the preparation
 (oxytetramethylene).
                                   of polyurethane resins.
Hydroquinone.....
Hydroquinone monobenzyl ether.....
Hydroquinone monoethyl ether.....
2(2'-Hydroxy-3',5' di-tert-amylphenyl)
benzotriazole.
Hydroxyacetic acid.....
7-Hydroxycoumarin.....
Hydroxyethylcellulose.....
2-Hydroxy-1-[4-(2-hydroxyethoxy)phenyl] - For use only as a
 2-methyl-1-propanone(CAS Reg. No.
                                   photoinitiator at a level not
                                   to exceed 5 percent by weight
 106797-53-9).
                                   of the adhesive.
1-(2-Hydroxyethyl)-1-(4-chlorobutyl)-2
alkyl (C<INF>6</INF>-C<INF>17</INF>) imidazolinium chloride.
Hydroxyethyldiethylenetriamine.....
<greek-b>-Hydroxyethyl pyridinium 2-
mercaptobenzothiazol.
Hydroxyethyl starch.....
Hydroxyethylurea....
Hydroxylamine sulfate.....
5-Hydroxymethoxymethyl-1-aza-3,7-
                                  For use only as an
 dioxabicyclo[3.3.0]octane, 5-
                                   antibacterial preservative.
 hydroxymethyl-1-aza-3,7-
 dioxabicyclo[3.3.0]octane, and 5-
 hydroxypoly-[methyleneoxy]methyl-1-aza-
 3,7-dioxabicyclo[3.3.0] octane mixture.
Hydroxypropyl methylcellulose.....
2-(Hydroxymethyl)-2-methyl-1,3-
 propanediol tribenzoate.
2-Imidazolidinone.....
3-Iodo-2-propynyl-N-butyl carbamate
                                   For use only as an antifungal
 (CAS Reg. No. 55406-53-6).
                                   preservative.
Iodoform..... For use only as polymerization-
                                   control agent.
Isoascorbic acid.....
Isobutyl alcohol (isobutanol).....
Isobutylene-isoprene copolymer......
Isodecyl benzoate (CAS Reg. No. 131298-
 44-77).
Isophorone.....
Isopropanolamine (mono-, di-, tri-)....
Isopropyl acetate.....
Isopropyl alcohol (isopropanol).....
Isopropyl-m- and p-cresol (thymol
 derived).
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol.....
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol,
                                   For use as preservative only.
polybutylated mixture.
Isopropyl peroxydicarbonate.....
p-Isopropoxy diphenylamine.....
4,4'-Isopropylidene-bis(p-phenyleneoxy)-
 di-2-propanol.
Itaconic acid......
Japan wax.....
Ammonium.....
  Magnesium.....
  Potassium.....
  Sodium.....
Lauryl alcohol.....
Lauryl pyridinium 5-chloro-2-
 mercaptobenzothiazole.
[[Page 148]]
Lignin calcium sulfonate.....
Lignin sodium sulfonate.....
Linoleamide (linoleic acid amide).....
Magnesium fluoride.....
                                   For use only as bonding agent
                                   for aluminum foil, stabilizer, or preservative. Total
                                    fluoride from all sources not
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to exceed 1 percent by weight of the finished adhesives. Magnesium glycerophosphate..... Maleic acid..... Maleic anhydride-diisobutylene copolymer, ammonium or sodium salt. Manganese acetate..... Marine oil fatty acid soaps, hydrogenated. Melamine..... Melamine-formaldehyde copolymer..... 2-Mercaptobenzothiazole..... 2-Mercaptobenzothiazole and dimethyl For use as preservative only. dithiocarbamic acid mixture, sodium salt. 2-Mercaptobenzothiazole, sodium or zinc For use as preservative only. salt. Methacrylate-chromic chloride complex, ethyl or methyl ester. p-Menthane hydroperoxide..... Methyl acetate..... Methyl acetyl ricinoleate..... Methyl alcohol (methanol)..... Methylcellulose..... Methylene chloride..... 4,4'-Methylenebis(2,6-di-tertbutylphenol). 2,2-Methylenebis (4-ethyl-6-tertbutylphenol). 2,2-Methylenebis (4-methyl-6nonylphenol). 2,2-Methylenebis (4-methyl-6-tertbutylphenol). Methyl ethyl ketone..... Methyl ethyl ketone-formaldehyde condensate. 2-Methylhexane..... 1-Methyl-2-hydroxy-4-isopropyl benzene. Methyl isobutyl ketone..... Methyl oleate..... Methyl oleate-palmitate mixture..... Methyl phthalyl ethyl glycolate..... Methyl ricinoleate..... Methyl salicylate..... a-Methylstyrene-vinyltoluene copolymer resins (molar ratio 1 a methylstyrene to 3 vinyltoluene). Methyl tallowate..... Mineral oil..... Monochloracetic acid..... Monooctyldiphenylamine..... Montan wax.... Morpholine..... Myristic acid-chromic chloride complex. Myristyl alcohol..... Naphtha.... Naphthalene, monosulfonated..... Naphthalene sulfonic acid-formaldehyde condensate, sodium salt. <greek-a>-Naphthylamine...... <greek-a>,<greek-a>',<greek-a>'',<greek</pre> -'''-Neopentane tetrayltetrakis [omegahydroxypoly (oxypropylene) (1-2 moles)], average molecular weight 400. Nitric acid..... <greek-m>-Nitrobiphenyl..... Nitrocellulose..... 2-Nitropropane..... <greek-a>-(p-Nonylphenyl)-omegahydroxypoly (oxyethylene) mixture of dihydrogen phosphate and monohydrogen phosphate esters; the nonyl group is a propylene trimer isomer and the poly (oxyethylene) content averages 6-9 moles or 50 moles. <greek-a>(p-Nonylphenyl)-omegahydroxypoly (oxyethylene) produced by the condensation of 1 mole of pnonylphenol (nonyl group is a propylene trimer isomer) with an average of 1-40 moles of ethylene oxide. <greek-a>-(p-Nonylphenyl)-omegahydroxypoly (oxyethylene) sulfate, ammonium salt: the nonyl group is a propylene trimer isomer and the poly

(oxyethylene) content averages 9 or 30 endo-cis-5-Norbornene-2,3-dicarboxylic anhydride. <greek-a>-cis-9-Octadecenyl-omegahydroxypoly (oxyethylene); the octadecenyl group is derived from oleyl alcohol and the poly (oxyethylene) content averages 20 moles. Octadecyl 3,5-di-tert-butyl-4hydroxyhydrocinnamate. [[Page 149]] Octyl alcohol.. Octyldecyl phthalate..... Octylphenol..... Octylphenoxyethanols..... Octylphenoxypolyethoxypolypropoxyethanol (13 moles of ethylene oxide and propylene oxide). Odorless light petroleum hydrocarbons.. 2,2'-Oxamidobis[ethyl 3-(3,5-di-tertbutyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionate] (CAS Reg. No. 70331-94-1). Oxazoline..... <greek-a>-(oxiranylmethyl)-<greek-oh>-For use as a reactant in the (oxiranylmethoxy) poly[oxy(methyl-1,2preparation of epoxy-based ethanediyl)], (alternative name: resins. epichlorohydrin-polypropylene glycol) (CAS Reg. No. 26142-30-3). 2,2'-[oxybis[(methyl-2,1-ethanediyl)-For use as a reactant in the oxymethylene]]bisoxirane, (alternative preparation of epoxy-based name: epichlorohydrin-dipropylene glycol) (CAS Reg. No. 41638-13-5). n-Oxydiethylene-benzothiazole..... Palmitamide (palmitic acid amide) Paraffin (C<INF>12</INF>-C<INF>20</INF>) sulfonate...... Paraformaldehyde..... Pentachlorophenol..... Pentaerythritol ester of maleic anhydride. Pentaerythritol monostearate..... For use as preservative only. Pentaerythritol tetrabenzoate [CAS Registry No. 4196-86-5]. Pentaerythritol tetrastearate..... 2,4-Pentanedione..... Pentasodium diethylenetriaminepentaacetate (CAS Reg. No. 140-01-2). Perchloroethylene..... Petrolatum.... Petroleum hydrocarbon resin (cyclopentadiene type), hydrogenated. Petroleum hydrocarbon resin (produced by the catalytic polymerization and subsequent hydrogenation of styrene, vinyltoluene, and indene types from distillates of cracked petroleum stocks). Petroleum hydrocarbon resins (produced by the homo-and copolymerization of dienes and olefins of the aliphatic, alicyclic, and monobenzenoid arylalkene types from distillates of cracked petroleum stocks). Phenol.... For use as preservative only. Phenol-coumarone-indene resin..... Phenolic resins as described in Sec. 175.300(b)(3)(vi). Phenothiazine..... For use only as polymerizationcontrol agent. Phenyl-<greek-b>-naphthylamine (free of <greek-b>-naphthylamine). o-Phenylphenol..... For use as preservative only. o-Phthalic acid..... Pimaric acid..... Pine oil..... Piperazine..... Piperidinium pentamethylenedithiocarbamate. Poly(acrylamide-[2-acrylamide-2-

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methylpropylsulfonate] -
  dimethylidiallyl ammonium chloride)
  sodium salt (CAS Reg. No. 72275-68-4).
 Polyamides derived from reaction of one
  or more of the following acids with
  one or more of the following amines:
     Acids:
         Azelaic acid.....
         Dimerized vegetable oil acids..
     Amines:
         Bis(hexamethylene) triamine and
          higher homologues.
         Diethylenetriamine.....
         Diphenylamine.....
         Ethylenediamine.....
         Hexamethylenediamine.....
         Poly(oxypropylene)diamine
          (weight average molecular
          weight 2010) (CAS Reg. No.
          9046-10-0).
         Poly(oxypropylene)diamine
          (weight average molecular
          weight 440) (CAS Reg. No. 9046-
          10-0).
         Tetraethylenepentamine.....
         Triethylenetetramine.....
 Polybutene, hydrogenated.....
 Polybutylene glycol (molecular weight
 1,000).
Poly [2(diethylamino) ethyl
  methacrylate] phosphate.
 Polyester of adipic acid, phthalic
  acid, and propylene glycol, terminated
  with butyl alcohol.
 [[Page 150]]
 Polyester of diglycolic acid and
  propylene glycol containing ethylene
  glycol monobutyl ether as a chain
  stopper.
 Polyester resins (including alkyd
  type), as the basic polymer, formed as
  esters when one or more of the
  following acids are made to react with
  one or more of the following alcohols:
     Acids:
         Azelaic acid.....
         Dimethyl 1,4-
          cyclohexanedicarboxylate (CAS
         Reg. No. 94-60-0).
Dimethyl-5-sulfoisophthalic
          acid (CAS Reg. No. 50975-82-1)
          and/or its sodium salt (CAS
          Reg. No. 3965-55-7).
         Polybasic and monobasic acids
          identified in Sec.
          175.300(b)(3)(vii)(a) and (b).
         5-sulfo-1,3-benzenedicarboxylic
          acid, monosodium salt (CAS
          Reg. No. 6362-79-4).
         Tetrahydrophthalic acid......
     Alcohols:
         1,4-Cyclohexanedimethanol.....
         2,2-Dimethyl-1,3-propanediol...
         1,6-Hexanediol (CAS Reg. No.
          629-11-8).
         Polyhydric and monohydric
          alcohols identified in Sec.
          175.300(b)(3)(vii)(c) and (d).
 Polyethyleneadipate modified with
                                          For use only in the preparation
  ethanolamine with the molar ratio of
                                           of polyurethan resins.
  the amine to the adipic acid less than
  0.1 to 1.
Polyethylene glycol (molecular weight
  200-6,000).
 Polyethylene glycol mono-isotridecyl
  ether sulfate, sodium salt (CAS Reg.
  No. 150413-26-6).
 Polyethyleneglycol alkyl(C<INF>10</INF>-C<INF>12</INF>) ether
  sulfosuccinate, disodium salt (CAS
  Reg. No. 68954-91-6).
 Polyethylene, oxidized......
Polyethylene resins, carboxyl modified,
  identified in Sec. 177.1600 of this
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chapter.
Polyethylenimine.....
Polyethylenimine-epichlorohydrin resins
Poly(ethyloxazoline) (CAS Reg. No.
25805-17-8).
Polyisoprene.....
Polymeric esters of polyhydric alcohols and polycarboxylic acids prepared from
 glycerin and phthalic anhydride and
modified with benzoic acid, castor oil, coconut oil, linseed oil, rosin,
 soybean oil, styrene, and vinyl
 toluene.
Polymers: Homopolymers and copolymers
 of the following monomers:.
 Acrylamide.....
 Acrylic acid.....
 Acrylonitrile.....
 Allylmethacrylate (CAS Reg. No. 00096-
 Butadiene.....
 Butene......
 N-tert-Butylacrylamide.....
 Butyl acrylate.....
 1,3-Butylene glycol dimethacrylate...
 Butyl methacrylate.....
 Diallyl fumarate.
Diallyl maleate.
Diallyl phthalate.
Dibutyl fumarate.
 Dibutyl itaconate.....
 Dibutyl maleate.....
 Di(2-ethylhexyl) maleate.....
 Dimethyl-<greek-a>-methylstyrene.....
 Dioctyl fumarate.....
 Dioctyl maleate.....
 Divinylbenzene.....
 Ethyl acrylate.....
 Ethylene.....
 Ethylene cyanohydrin.....
 2-Ethylhexyl acrylate.....
 Ethyl methacrylate.....
 Fatty acids, C<INF>10-13</INF>-branched, vinyl
  esters (CAS Reg. No. 184785-38-4).
Fumaric acid and/or its methyl,
  ethyl, propyl, butyl, amyl hexyl, heptyl and octyl esters.
[[Page 151]]
 Glycidyl methacrylate.....
 1-Hexene (CAS Reg. No. 592-41-6)....
  2-Hydroxyethyl acrylate.....
  2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate.....
  2-Hydroxypropyl methacrylate.....
  Isobutyl acrylate.....
  Isobutylene.....
  Itaconic acid.....
 Maleic acid, diester with 2-
  hydroxyethanesulfonic acid, sodium
  salt.
 Methyl acrylate.....
 N, N'-Methylenebisacrylamide.....
  Methyl methacrylate.....
 N-Methylolacrylamide.....
  Methyl styrene.....
  -Methyl styrene.....
  Monoethyl maleate.....
 Monomethyl maleate.....
  Mono (2-ethylhexyl) maleate.....
  5-Norbornene-2 3-dicarboxylic acid,
  mono-n-butyl ester.
  1-Octene (CAS Reg. No. 111-66-0)....
  Propyl acrylate.....
  Propylene......
  Triallyl cyanurate.....
 Vinyl butyrate.....
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Vinyl chloride..... Vinyl crotonate..... Vinyl ethyl ether..... Vinyl hexoate..... Vinylidene chloride..... Vinyl methyl ether..... Vinyl pelargonate..... Vinyl propionate..... Vinyl pyrrolidone..... Vinyl stearate..... Polyoxyalkylated-phenolic resin (phenolic resin obtained from formaldehyde plus butyl- and/or amylphenols, oxyalkylated with ethylene oxide and/or propylene oxide). Poly(oxycaproyl) diols and triols (minimum molecular weight 500). Polyoxyethylated (40 moles) tallow alcohol sulfate, sodium salt. Polyoxyethylene (20 mol) -- anhydrous lanolin adduct. Polyoxyethylene (molecular weight 200) dibenzoate. Polyoxyethylene (molecular weight 200-600) esters of fatty acids derived from animal or vegetable fats and oils (including tall oil). Polyoxyethylene (15 moles) ester of rosin. Polyoxyethylene (4-5 moles) ether of phenol. Polyoxyethylene (25 moles) -- glycerol adduct. Polyoxyethylene (40 moles) stearate.... Polyoxyethylene (5-15 moles) tridecyl alcohol. Polyoxypropylene (3 moles) tridecyl alcohol sulfate. Polyoxypropylene (20 moles) butyl ether Polyoxypropylene (40 moles) butyl ether Polyoxypropylene (20 moles) oleate butyl ether. Polyoxypropylene-polyoxyethylene condensate (minimum molecular weight 1,900). Polypropylene glycol (minimum molecular weight 150). Polypropylene glycol (3-4 moles) triether with 2-ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl) -1,3-propane-diol,. average molecular weight 730. Polypropylene glycol dibenzoate (CAS For use as a plasticizer at Reg. No. 72245-46-6). levels not to exceed 20 percent by weight of the finished adhesive. Polypropylene, noncrystalline..... Polysiloxanes: Diethyl polysiloxane..... Dihydrogen polysiloxane..... Dimethyl polysiloxane..... Diphenyl polysiloxane..... Ethyl hydrogen polysiloxane..... Ethyl phenyl polysiloxane..... Methyl ethyl polysiloxane..... Methyl hydrogen polysiloxane..... [[Page 152]] Methyl phenyl polysiloxane..... Phenyl hydrogen polysiloxane..... Polysorbate 60..... Polysorbate 80..... Polysorbate 20 (polyoxyethylene (20) sorbitan monolaurate). Polysorbate 40 (polyoxyethylene (20) sorbitan monopalmitate). Poly[styrene-co-disodium maleate-co-<greek-a>-(p-nonyl-phenyl)-omega-(pvinyl-benzyl)poly(oxyethylene)] terpolymer. Polytretrafluoroethylene..... Polyurethane resins produced by: (1) reacting diisocyanates with one or more of the polyols or polyesters

named in this paragraph, or (2)

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reacting the chloroformate derivatives
  of one or more of the polyols or
  polyesters named in this paragraph
  with one or more of the polyamines
  named in this paragraph, or (3)
  reacting toluene diisocyanate or 4,4'
  methylenebis(cyclohexylisocyanate)
   (CAS Reg. No. 5124-30-1) with: (i) one
  or more of the polyols or polyesters
  named in this paragraph and with either N-methyldiethanolamine (CAS
  Reg. No. 105-59-9) and dimethyl sulfate (CAS Reg. No. 77-78-1) or
  dimethylolpropionic acid (CAS Reg. No.
   4767-03-7) and triethylamine (CAS Reg.
  No. 121-44-8), or (ii) a fumaric acid-
  modified polypropylene glycol or
   fumaric acid-modified tripropylene
   glycol), triethylamine (CAS Reg. No.
   107-15-3), and ethylenediamine (CAS
   Reg. No. 121-44-8), or (4) reacting
  meta-tetramethylxylene diisocyanate
   (CAS Req. No. 2778-42-9) with one or
   more of the polyols and polyesters
   listed in this paragraph and with dimethylolpropionic acid (CAS Reg. No.
   4767-03-7) and triethylamine (CAS Reg.
   No. 121-44-8), N-methyldiethanolamine (CAS Reg. No. 105-59-9), 2-
   dimethylaminoethanol (CAS Reg. No. 108-
   01-0), 2-dimethylamino-2-methyl-1-
   propanol (CAS Reg. No. 7005-47-2), and/
   or 2-amino-2-methyl-1-propanol (CAS
   Reg. No. 124-68-5).
  Polyvinyl alcohol modified so as to
   contain not more than 3 weight percent
   of comonomer units derived from 1-
   alkenes having 12 to 20 carbon atoms.
  Polyvinyl butyral.....
  Polyvinyl formal.....
  Potassium ferricyanide.....
                                          For use only as polymerization-
                                            control agent.
  Potassium N-methyldithiocarbamate.....
  Potassium pentachlorophenate.....
                                          For use as preservative only.
  Potassium permanganate.....
  Potassium persulfate.....
  Potassium phosphates (mono-, di-,
   tribasic).
  Potassium tripolyphosphate.....
  <greek-a>, <greek-a>', <greek-a>''-
   1,2,3-Propanetriyltris [omega-(2,3-
   epoxypropoxy) poly (oxypropylene) (24
   moles)].
  <greek-b>-Propiolactone......
  Propyl alcohol (propanol).....
  Propylene carbonate.....
  Propylene glycol and p-p'-
   isopropylidenediphenol diether.
  Propylene glycol dibenzoate (CAS Reg.
                                           For use as a plasticizer at
   No. 19224-26-1).
                                            levels not to exceed 20
                                            percent by weight of the
                                            finished adhesive.
  Propylene glycol esters of coconut
   fatty acids.
  Propylene glycol monolaurate.....
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether.....
  Propylene glycol monostearate.....
  <greek-a>, <greek-a>', <greek-a>''-
   [Propylidynetris (methylene)] tris
   [omega-hydroxypoly (oxypropylene) (1.5
   moles minimum)], minimum molecular
   weight 400.
  Quaternary ammonium chloride
                                           For use as preservative only.
   (hexadecyl, octadecyl derivative).
  Rosin (wood, gum, and tall oil rosin),
   rosin dimers, decarboxylated rosin
   (including rosin oil,
   disproportionated rosin, and these
   substances as modified by one or more
   of the following reactants:.
    Alkyl (C<INF>1</INF>-C<INF>9</INF>) phenolformaldehyde.....
    Ammonia.....
    Ammonium caseinate-p-
     {\tt Cyclohexylphenolformaldehyde.}
    Diethylene glycol.....
    Dipentaerythritol.....
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Ethylene glycol.....
 Formaldehyde.....
 Fumaric acid.....
 Glycerin.....
 Hydrogen.....
 Isophthalic acid......
 4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol-
 epichlorohydrin (epoxy).
 4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol-
  formaldehyde.
 Maleic anhydride.....
[[Page 153]]
 Methyl alcohol.....
 Pentaerythritol.....
 Phthalic anhydride.....
 Polyethylene glycol.....
 Phenol-formaldehyde.....
 Phenyl <greek-m>-cresol-formaldehyde.
 p-Phenylphenol-formaldehyde.....
 Sulfuric acid.....
 Triethylene glycol.....
 Xylenol-formaldehyde.....
Rosin salts (salts of wood, gum, and
tall oil rosin, and the dimers
thereof, decarboxylated rosin
disproportionated rosin, hydrogenated
rosin):
 Aluminum.....
 Ammonium......
 Calcium.....
 Magnesium.....
 Potassium.....
 Sodium.....
Rosin, gasoline-insoluble fraction.....
Rubber hydrochloride polymer.....
Rubber latex, natural.....
Salicylic acid.....
                               For use as preservative only.
Sandarac.....
Sebacic acid.....
Shellac......
Silicon dioxide as defined in Sec.
172.480(a) of this chapter.
Sodium alkyl (C<INF>2</INF>-C<INF>13.5</INF> aliphatic)
benezenesulfonate.
Sodium aluminum pyrophosphate.....
Sodium aluminum sulfate.....
Sodium bisulfate.....
Sodium calcium silicate.....
Sodium capryl polyphosphate.....
Sodium carboxymethylcellulose.....
Sodium chlorate.....
Sodium chlorite.....
Sodium chromate.....
Sodium decylsulfate.....
Sodium dehydroacetate.....
                               For use as preservative only.
Sodium di-(2-ethylhexoate).....
Sodium di-(2-ethylhexyl) pyrophosphate.
Sodium dihexylsulfosuccinate.....
Sodium dissobutylphenoxydiethoxyethyl
sulfonate.
Sodium diisobutylphenoxymonoethoxyethyl
sulfonate.
Sodium diisopropyl- and
\verb|triisopropy| Inaphthalene sulfonate.
Sodium dimethyldithiocarbamate.....
Sodium dioctylsulfosuccinate.....
Sodium n-dodecylpolyethoxy (50 moles)
sulfate.
Sodium ethylene ether of nonylphenol
sulfate.
Sodium 2-ethylhexyl sulfate.....
Sodium fluoride.....
                               For use only as bonding agent
                                for aluminum foil, stabilizer,
                                or preservative. Total
                                fluoride for all sources not
                                to exceed 1 percent by weight
                                of the finished adhesive.
Sodium formaldehyde sulfoxylate......
Sodium formate.....
Sodium heptadecylsulfate.....
Sodium hypochlorite.....
Sodium isododecylphenoxypolyethoxy (40
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moles) sulfate. Sodium N-lauroyl sarcosinate..... Sodium metaborate..... Sodium <greek-a>-naphthalene sulfonate. Sodium nitrate..... Sodium nitrite..... Sodium oleoyl isopropanolamide sulfosuccinate. Sodium pentachlorophenate..... For use as preservative only. Sodium <greek-m>-phenylphenate..... For use as preservative only. Sodium polyacrylate..... Sodium polymethacrylate..... Sodium polystyrene sulfonate..... For use as preservative only. Sodium salicylate..... Sodium salt of 1-hydroxy 2(1H)-pyridine Do. thione. [[Page 154]] Sodium tetradecylsulfate..... Sodium thiocyanate..... Sodium bis-tridecylsulfosuccinate..... Sodium xylene sulfonate..... Sorbitan monooleate..... Sorbitan monostearate..... Soybean oil, epoxidized..... Spermaceti wax..... Sperm oil wax..... Stannous 2-ethylhexanoate...... For use only as a catalyst for polyurethane resins. Stannous stearate..... Starch hydrolysates..... Starch or starch modified by one or more of the treatments described in Secs. 172.892 and 178.3520 of this Starch, reacted with a ureaformaldehyde resin. Starch, reacted with formaldehyde..... Stearamide (stearic acid amide)...... Stearic acid..... Stearic acid-chromic chloride complex.. Stearyl-cetyl alcohol, technical grade, approximately 65 percent-80 percent stearyl and 20 percent-35 percent Strontium salicylate..... butadiene. Styrene-maleic anhydride copolymer, ammonium or potassium salt. Styrene-maleic anhydride copolymer (partially methylated) sodium salt. Styrene-methacrylic acid copolymer, potassium salt. Sucrose acetate isobutyrate..... Sucrose benzoate..... Sucrose octaacetate..... 2-sulfoethyl methacrylate (CAS Registry For use at levels not to exceed No. 10595-80-9). 2 percent by weight of the dry adhesive. <greek-a>-Sulfo-omega-(dodecyloxy)poly (oxyethylene), ammonium salt. Sulfonated octadecylene (sodium form).. Sulfosuccinic acid 4-ester with polyethylene glycol dodecyl ether disodium salt (alcohol moiety produced by condensation of 1 mole of n-dodecyl alcohol and an average of 5-6 moles of ethylene oxide, Chemical Abstracts Service Registry No. 039354-45-5). Sulfosuccinic acid 4-ester with polyethylene glycol nonylphenyl ether, disodium salt (alcohol moiety produced by condensation of 1 mole of nonylphenol and an average of 9-10 moles of ethylene oxide) (CAS Reg. No. 9040-38-4). Sulfur...... Synthetic primary linear aliphatic alcohols whose weight average molecular weight is greater than 400

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(CAS Reg. No. 71750-71-5).
Synthetic wax polymer as described in
Sec. 176.170(a)(5) of this chapter.
Tall oil.....
Tall oil fatty acids, linoleic and
oleic.
Tall oil fatty acid methyl ester.....
Tall oil, methyl ester.....
Tall oil pitch.....
Tall oil soaps.....
Tallow alcohol (hydrogenated).....
Tallow amine, secondary (hexadecyl,
octadecyl), of hard tallow.
Tallow, blown (oxidized).....
Tallow, propylene glycol ester.....
Terpene resins (<greek-a>-and <greek-b>-
pinene) homopolymers, copolymers, and
 condensates with phenol, formaldehyde,
coumarone, and/or indene.
Terphenyl.....
Terphenyl, hydrogenated.....
Tetraethylthiuram disulfide.....
Tetrahydrofuran.....
Tetrahydrofurfuryl alcohol.....
Tetra-isopropyl titanate.....
Tetrakis[methylene (3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-
hydroxy-hydro-cinnamate)] methane.
a[p-(1,1,3,3-Tetramethylbutyl) phenyl]-
 omega-hydroxypoly-(oxyethylene)
 produced by the condensation of 1 mole
 of p-(1,1,3,3-tetramethylbutyl) phenol
 with an average of 1-40 moles of
 ethylene oxide.
a-[p-(1,1,3,3-Tetramethylbutyl) phenyl]-
 omega-hydroxy-poly(oxyethylene)
 mixture of dihydrogen phosphate and
 monohydrogen phosphate esters and
 their sodium, potassium, and ammonium
 salts having a poly(oxyethylene)
 content averaging 6-9 or 40 moles.
[[Page 155]]
Tetramethyl decanediol.....
Tetramethyl decynediol.....
Tetramethyl decynediol plus 1-30 moles
 of ethylene oxide.
Tetramethylthiuram monosulfide.....
Tetrasodium N-(1,2-dicarboxyethyl)N-
 octadecylsulfosuccinamate.
4,4'-Thiobis-6-tert-butyl-m-cresol...
Thiodiethylene-bis(3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-
hydroxyhydrocinnamate).
2,2'-(2,5-Thiophenediyl) bis[5-tert-
 butylbenzoxazole].
Thiram.....
Titanium dioxide.....
Titanium dioxide-barium sulfate.....
Titanium dioxide-calcium sulfate.....
{\tt Titanium\ dioxide-magnesium\ silicate....}
Toluene....
Toluene 2,4-diisocyanate.....
Toluene 2,6-diisocyanate.....
o- and p-Toluene ethyl sulfonamide.....
o- and p-Toluene sulfonamide.....
p-Toluene sulfonic acid......
p-(p'-Toluene-sulfonylamide)-
 diphenylamide.
Triazine-formaldehyde resins as
 described in Sec. 175.300(b)(3)(xiii).
Tributoxyethyl phosphate.....
Tributylcitrate.....
Tri-tert-butyl-p-phenyl phenol......
                                   For use as preservative only.
Tributyl phosphate.....
Tributyltin chloride complex of
                                   For use as preservative only.
 ethylene oxide condensate of
 dehydroabietylamine.
For use as preservative only.
                                       Do.
1,1,1-Trichloroethane.....
1,1,2-Trichloroethane.....
Trichloroethylene.....
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Tri-<greek-b>-chloroethylphosphate.....
Tridecyl alcohol.....
Triethanolamine.....
3-(Triethoxysilyl) propylamine......
Triethylene glycol.....
Triethylene glycol dibenzoate.....
Triethylene glycol di(2-ethylhexoate)..
Triethylene glycol polyester of benzoic
acid and phthalic acid.
Triethylhexyl phosphate.....
Triethylphosphate.....
2,4,5-Trihydroxy butyrophenone......
Triisopropanolamine.....
Trimethylol propane.....
2,2,4-Trimethylpentanediol-1,3-
diisobutyrate.
Trimeric aromatic amine resin from
 diphenylamine and acetone of molecular
 weight approximately 500.
Tri(nonylphenyl) phosphite-formaldehyde As identified in Sec.
                                    177.2600(c)(4)(iii) of this
resins.
                                    chapter. For use only as a
                                    stabilizer.
Triphenylphosphate.....
Tripropylene glycol monomethyl ether...
1,3,5-Tris (3,5-di-tert-butyl-4-hydroxy-
 benzyl)-triazine-2,4,6 (1H,3H,5H)-
trione.
Tris (p-tertiary butyl phenyl)
phosphate.
Tris(2-methyl-4-hydroxy-5-tert-butyl-
phenyl) butane.
Trisodium N-
hydroxyethylethylenedia \verb|minetriace| tate|\\
 (CAS Reg. No. 139-89-9).
Turpentine.....
Urea-formaldehyde resins as described
 in Sec. 175.300(b)(3)(xii).
Vegetable oil, sulfonated or sulfated,
potassium salt.
Vinyl acetate-maleic anhydride
copolymer, sodium salt.
Waxes, petroleum......
Wax, petroleum, chlorinated (40% to 70%
chlorine).
Waxes, synthetic paraffin (Fischer-
Tropsch process).
3-(2-Xenolyl)-1,2-epoxypropane......
Xylene......
Xylene (or toluene) alkylated with
dicyclopentadiene.
Zein..........
Zinc acetate.....
Zinc ammonium chloride.....
Zinc dibenzyl dithiocarbamate.....
Zinc dibutyldithiocarbamate.....
[[Page 156]]
Zinc diethyldithiocarbamate.....
Zinc di (2-ethylhexoate).....
Zinc formaldehyde sulfoxylate.....
Zinc naphthenate and
 dehydroabietylamine mixture.
Zinc nitrate.....
Zinc orthophosphate.....
Zinc resinate.....
Zinc sulfide.....
Zineb (zinc ethylenebis-
 dithiocarbamate).
Ziram (zinc dimethyldithiocarbamate)...
[42 FR 14534, Mar. 15, 1977; 42 FR 56728, Oct. 28, 1977]
   Editorial Note: For Federal Register citations affecting
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Editorial Note: For Federal Register citations affecting Sec. 175.105, see the List of CFR Sections Affected in the Finding Aids section of this volume.